



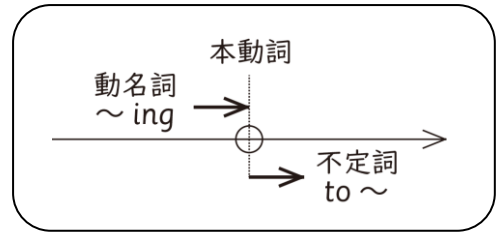
》 動名詞 ‹

(1) 動名詞と不定詞—どちらも使える場合

- ① 私はダンスをすることが好きです。
 { I like to dance. (これからしたい)
 { I like dancing. (やったことがある)

- ② 雨が降り始めた。
 { It started to rain. (降り始めた)
 { It started raining. (前から降っていた)

- ③ 図書館で話すことは禁止されています。
 { To talk in the library is prohibited. (張り紙などの注意書き)
 { Talking in the library is prohibited. (話している人に注意)



(2) 動名詞と不定詞—どちらも使えるが意味がまったく異なる場合

- ① { I remember seeing him two years ago. (2年前に彼に会ったことを覚えている)
 { Please remember to post this letter tomorrow. (忘れずに明日この手紙を出してください)
- ② { I forgot to call her. (電話し忘れた)
 { I forgot calling her. (電話したことを忘れた)
- ③ { He tried to open the box. (彼はその箱を開けようとした—しかしダメだった)
 { He tried opening the box. (彼はその箱を試しに開けてみた)
- ④ { I stopped to read the book. (本を読むために立ち止まった)
 { I stopped reading the book. (本を読むのを止めた)

(3) 動名詞か不定詞かどちらか一方しか使えない場合

不定詞を目的語にとる動詞	
want	～したい
hope	望む
expect	期待する
decide	決める
plan	計画する

動名詞を目的語にとる動詞	
enjoy	楽しむ
mind	いやだと思う
finish	終了する
practice	練習する

(4) 前置詞の後は必ず動名詞

- ・ be good at ~ing ~が得意だ
- ・ Thank you for ~ing ~してくれてありがとう
- ・ without ~ing ~せずに
- ・ look forward to ~ing ~することを楽しみにしている



1 次の文の () 内の語を適する形になおしなさい。2 語になる場合もあります。

- (1) When did you finish (read) the book ?
- (2) We all enjoyed (swim) in the sea.
- (3) What do you want (do) today ?
- (4) I've decided (be) a doctor.
- (5) I'm interested in (take) pictures.
- (6) What time did it stop (rain) ?
- (7) We've enjoyed (talk) with you, thank you.
- (8) I have decided (stay) here tonight.
- (9) When did you finish (write) the report ?
- (10) I hope (see) you again in Tokyo next month.
- (11) Brush your teeth before (go) to bed.
- (12) Why do you want (work) for a bank ?
- (13) Thank you for (invite) me to the party.
- (14) Don't forget (buy) milk on your way back home.
(帰りに牛乳を買うのを忘れないでね。)
- (15) (learn) history is important.

	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
	(5)
	(6)
	(7)
1	(8)
	(9)
	(10)
	(11)
	(12)
	(13)
	(14)
	(15)

2 次の各組の文がほぼ同じ内容を表すように、空所に適語を書きなさい。

- (1) It is important to study English every day.
_____ English every day _____ important.
- (2) He didn't say goodbye, and went out.
He went out _____ goodbye.
- (3) She can play the piano well.
She is _____ at _____ the piano.
- (4) I talked with Jane, and I enjoyed it very much.
I _____ with Jane very much.
- (5) You helped me yesterday. Thank you for that.
Thank you _____ me yesterday.
- (6) Do you like listening to American songs ?
Are you _____ listening to American songs ?

	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
2	(4)
	(5)
	(6)



- (7) Tom can play tennis very well.
Tom is very _____ playing tennis.
- (8) It's interesting for me to take pictures of flowers.
I'm interested _____ pictures of flowers.
- (9) Why don't you eat sukiyaki with me today ?
How _____ sukiyaki with me today ?
- (10) He didn't say goodbye, and left the room quickly.
He left the room quickly without _____ goodbye.

2	(7)
	(8)
	(9)
	(10)

3 日本文に合う英文になるように、()内の語を並べかえて数字で答えなさい。

- (1) 今夜映画に行くのはどうですか。
(1. going / 2. about / 3. to / 4. how / 5. the movies) tonight ?
- (2) 私はちょうどそのレポートを書き終えたところです。
I've (1. the report / 2. writing / 3. just / 4. finished).
- (3) あなたの趣味は古い切手を集めることですか。
Is (1. collecting / 2. hobby / 3. stamps / 4. your / 5. old) ?
- (4) 今日は私に会いに来てくれてありがとう。
Thank (1. to / 2. you / 3. me / 4. coming / 5. see / 6. for)
today.
- (5) 私はまたあなたと会うのを楽しみにしています。
I'm (1. seeing / 2. looking / 3. to / 4. you / 5. forward) again.
- (6) 手伝っていただけませんか。－ いいですよ。
(1. a hand / 2. me / 3. you / 4. Would / 5. giving / 6. mind) ? － No. I don't mind.

3	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
	(5)
	(6)

答え合わせ

- 1 (1) reading (2) swimming (3) to do (4) to be (5) taking
(6) raining (7) talking (8) to stay (9) writing (10) to see
(11) going (12) to work (13) inviting (14) to buy (15) To learn (Learning)
- 2 (1) Studying, is (2) without saying (3) good, playing
(4) enjoyed talking (5) for helpng (6) fond of (7) good at
(8) in taking (9) about eating (10) saying
- 3 (1) 42135 (2) 3421 (3) 42153 (4) 264153 (5) 25314
(6) 436521

